

Remote Head Series Product Specifications



Features

- Various Connector Types
- · Cased or Board Models
- Multiple Head Configurations
- 16 DIP Switches

<u>SENTECH</u>

Product Precautions

- Handle the camera with care. Do not abuse the camera. Avoid striking or shaking it. Improper handling or storage could damage the camera.
- > Do not pull or damage the camera cable.
- During camera use, do not wrap the unit in any material. This will cause the internal temperature of the unit to increase.
- > Do not expose the camera to moisture, or do not try to operate it in wet areas.
- > Do not operate the camera beyond its temperature, humidity and power source ratings.
- While the camera is not being used, keep the lens or lens cap on the camera to prevent dust or contamination from getting in the Sensor or filter area and scratching or damaging this area.
- > Do not keep the camera under the following conditions:
- In wet, moist, and high humidity areas
- Under hot direct sunlight
- In high temperature areas
- Near an object that releases a strong magnetic or electric field
- Areas with strong vibrations
- > Apply the power that satisfies the requirements specified in this document to the camera.
- Use a soft cloth to clean the camera. Use pressured air spray to clean the surface of the glass. DO not scratch the surface of the glass.
- The camera is a general-purpose electronic device; using the camera for the equipment that may threaten human life or cause dangers to human bodies directly in case of failure or malfunction of the camera is not guaranteed. Use the camera for special purposes at your own risk.

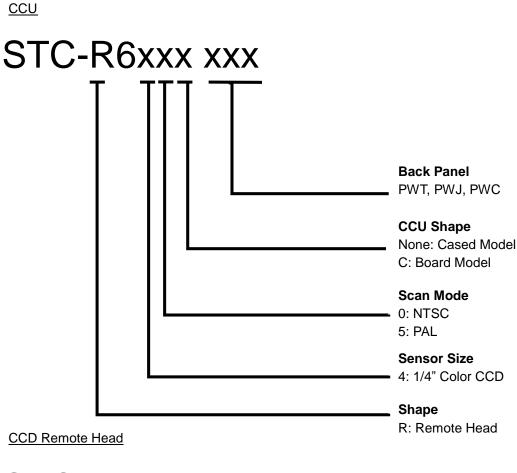


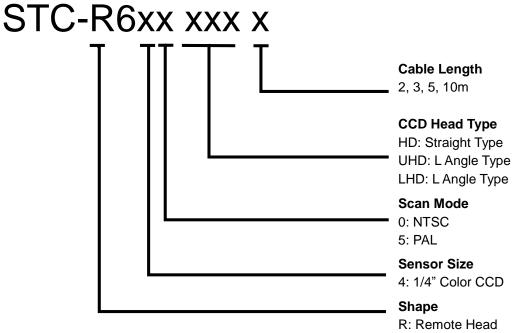
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1 Naming Method



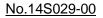




2 Electronic Specifications STC-R640, STC-R645

Model Number		STC-R640	STC-R645				
Image S	ensor	1/4 inch Interline CCD	1/4 inch Interline CCD				
		ICX228AKB	ICX229AKB				
Active Picture Elements		768(H) x 494(V)	752 (H) x 582 (V)				
Signal F	ormat	NTSC	PAL				
Scannin	g System	2:1Inte	rlaced				
Scannin	g Frequency	Horizontal Frequency 15.734kHz	Horizontal Frequency 15.625kHz				
		Vertical Frequency 59.94Hz	Vertical Frequency 50.00Hz				
Sync Sy	stem	Internal / External: Cased M	odel, Internal: Board Model				
Horizont	al Resolution	480 TV	Lines				
S/N Rati	0	More than TBD dB (AGC=OFF)	More than TBD dB (AGC=OFF)				
Video O	utput Format	VBS, Y/C(1.0	Vp-p 75Ω)				
Minimum	Scene illumination	TBD lx, F1.2 (AGC=ON)	TBD lx, F1.2 (AGC=ON)				
Electron	ic Shutter	[Dip Sv	witch]				
		1/60(1/50:PAL), 1/125, 1/250, 1/500, 1/1000, 1/2000, 1/4000, 1/10000 sec					
		[Auto/Control Software]					
		High Speed Shutter: 1/60(1/50:PAL) to 1/100000 sec					
		Low Speed Shutter: 1 to 256FLD					
White Ba	alance	Auto / Push to Set / Manual (default: Auto)					
AGC		ON / OFF (d	efault: ON)				
Gamma		0.45/1.0 (Switchable, Configurable through the control software), Defalut:0.45					
Image R	otation	Normal (Default), Horizontal Flip, Vertical Flip, Horizontal Vertical Flip					
Still Imag	ge	Support					
CCD	Lens Mount	C Mount, Fixed lens					
Head	Optical LPF	IR Cut Filter					
	Cable Length	2,3,5,10m(TBD)					
Input Vo	Itage	DC9V to 15V					
Power C	consumption	95mA <u>+</u> 20mA					
Operational Temperature		-10°C to +50°C					
Storage	Temperature	-30°C to +60°C					
Dimensi	ons	CCD Case: 51(W) x 51(W) x 55.5(D) mm					
		CCU Board(C): 45(W) x 45(W) x 30(D) mm ※1					
Weight		CCD Case: Appro	oximately TBD g				
		CCU Board(C): App	proximately TBD g				
Complia	nce	RoHS, REACH	l Compliance				

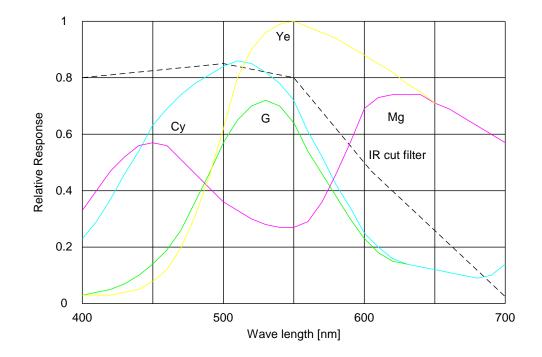
%1 Excluding back panel connector and components.



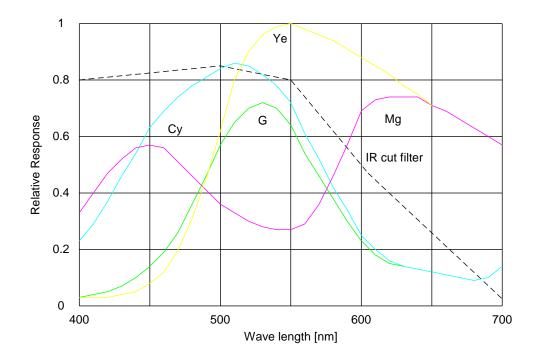


3 Spectral Sensitivity Characteristics

3.1 STC-R640 (ICX228AKB)



3.2 STC-R645 (ICX229AKB)



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4 Switch Specifications

						SW2	SW3	SW4	Shutter	Speed
						OFF	OFF	OFF	1/6	C
						ON	OFF	OFF	1/12	25
						OFF	ON	OFF	1/25	60
						ON	ON	OFF	1/50	0
					1	OFF	OFF	ON	1/10	00
SW	No.	Function	OFF	ON		ON	OFF	ON	1/20	00
	1	Shutter Mode	Electrical IRIS	Fixed Shutter	×	OFF	ON	ON	1/40	00
	2	Chutter Creed				ON	ON	ON	1/100	00
	3	Shutter Speed (SW201-1-ON: Available)								
	4	(SW201-1-ON. Available)				SW5	SW6	F liaters	O	Maria
	5	Flicker Compensation Mode						Flicker	Compensation	NINOde
SW 201	6	(SW201-1-OFF: Available)				OFF ON	OFF OFF		OFF	
-	-	Back Light Compensation			-	-			Flicker Less	
	7	(SW201-1-ON: Available)	OFF	ON		OFF ON	ON ON	Ga	ain Modificati	n
-		Back Light Correction Mode			-	UN			-	
	8	(SW201-7-ON: Available)	Auto Weight	Fixed Weight		SW9	SW10	SW11	Low Luminar	ce Control
	1					OFF	OFF	OFF	AGC,Slow SI	
	2	Low Luminance Control (SW201-1-OFF: Available)	Note:AGC is avalable	e SW201-1 ON and OFF		ON	OFF	OFF	AG	
	3	(SW201-1-OFF. Available)				OFF	ON	OFF	Slow Shu	-
SW 202	4	WB	Auto	Push to Set		ON	ON	OFF	AGC ->Slov	v Shutter
500202	5	Image Flip				OFF	OFF	ON	Slow Shutte	
	6	linage r lip				ON	OFF	ON	AGC ->Slow Sh	utter -> AGC
	7	Gamma	0.45(Preset)	1.0(Manual)		OFF	ON	ON	-	
	8					ON	ON	ON	-	
					\setminus	014/40	014/4.4			
						SW13	SW14		ge Flip	
						OFF	OFF	,	Normal)	
					*	ON	OFF		ertical	
						OFF	ON	-	izontal	
						ON	ON	Horizon	tal Vertical	



Factory Setting

SW	No.	OFF	ON
SW201	1	•	
	2	•	
	3	•	
	4	•	
	5		
	6		
	7	•	
	8	•	
SW202	1		
	2	•	
	3	•	
	4	•	
	5	•	
	6	•	
	7	•	
	8		

Caution

Internal Sync is unstable while adjusting the phase of input signal and output signal on External Sync

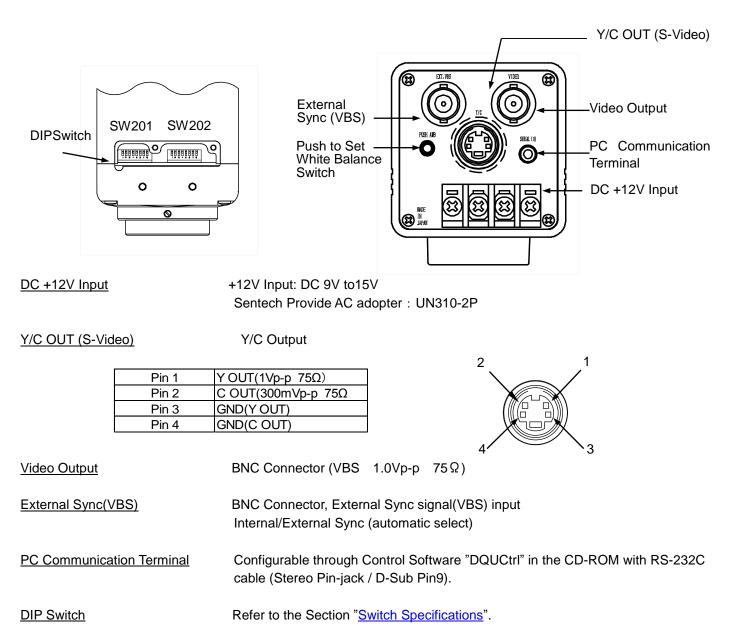
• External Sync may work even in Internal Sync [Factory Default] mode, however External Sync is not in phase with Internal Sync.

• To set the internal sync again, please turn the camera OFF and ON after selecting Internal Sync.



5 4 Description of each Back Panel (STC-R640/645)

5.1 Case: PWT Model





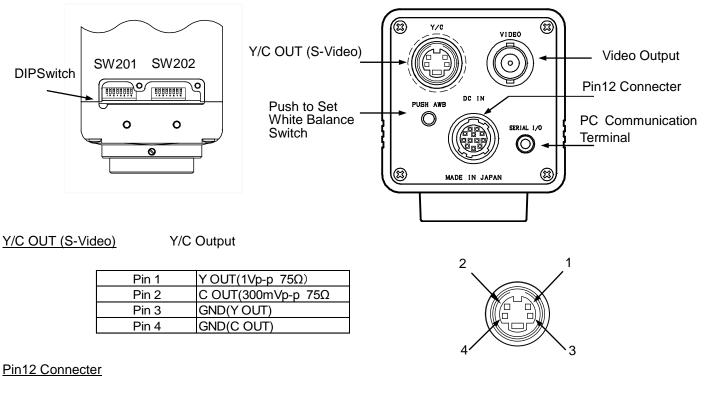
5.2 Case: PWJ Model

		_ Y/C OUT (S Video)
DIPSwitch	External Sync (VBS) Push to Set White Balance Switch	 Video Output PC Communication Terminal DC +12V Input (DC Jack)
Y/C OUT (S-Video) Y/C C	Dutput	
Pin 2 (Pin 3 (2 <u>C OUT(1Vp-p 75Ω)</u> <u>C OUT(300mVp-p 75Ω</u> <u>SND(Y OUT)</u> <u>SND(C OUT)</u> 4	3
DC +12V Input(DC Jack)	+12V DC Jack(Center Plus) DC9V to 15V Sentech Provide AC adopter : UN310-1210	
BNC Connector	Video Output (VBS 1.0Vp-p 75 Ω)	
External Sync(VBS)	BNC Connector, External Sync signal (VBS) input Internal/External Sync (automatic select)	
PC Communication Terminal	Configurable through Control Software "DQUCtrl" in the C cable (Stereo Pin-jack / D-Sub Pin9).	D-ROM with RS-232C
DIP Switch	Refer to the Section "Switch Specifications"	

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5.3 Case: PWC Model



Pin 1	GND	
Pin 2	+12V	
Pin 3	GND	
Pin 4	YOUT	
Pin 5	GND(EXT HD)	
Pin 6	EXT HD	
Pin 7	EXT VD	
Pin 8	GND	
Pin 9	C OUT	
Pin 10	GND	
Pin 11	+12V	



Connector : HR10A-10R-12PB (Hirose)

Note: The Y,C Signal on Pin12 and Y,C Signal on Y/C cannot be used simultaneously.

GND(EXT VD)

Pin 12



External Sync HD/VD

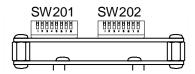
	NTSC(STC-620 Series)	NTSC(STC-630 Series)			
Polarity	Active Low, Falling Edge				
External Sync	Automatic detection				
HD	HD signal(Pin6), HD GND(Pin5)				
VD	VD singal(Pin7), GND(Pin12)				
Frequency	HD 15.734kHz ±50ppm, HD 15.625kHz ±50p				
	VD 59.94Hz ±50ppm	VD 50.00Hz ±50ppm			
HD, VD Amplitude	3 to 5v				
impedance	2.3K ohm				
Width	VD width: 9H(TYP), HD w	vidth 6 usec			

*Power Input only	Sentech Provide AC adopter : UN310-12P
BNC Connector	Video Output (VBS 1.0Vp-p 75Ω)

<u>PC Communication Terminal</u> Configurable through Control Software" DQUCtrl" in the CD-ROM with RS-232C cable (Stereo Pin-jack / D-Sub Pin9).

DIP Switch Refer to the Section "Switch Specifications"

5.1 Board: P2,L2,CS2 Common Specification



DIP Switch

Refer to the Section "<u>Switch Specifications</u>"

<u>CN PIN</u> Refer to each Connector on the Section "<u>Dimensions</u>"



6 List of Fixed Lens

	Le	Lens model		Lens model Focal length F		F No.	Fie	ld of view (1	/4")
						diagonal	Horizontal	Vertical	
Standard	2.7mm	VL-2720VES	f=	2.693 mm	F/2.0	100.3	78.9	58.3	
Standard	4mm	MSC-444STE	f=	4.010 mm	F/2.5	65.5	51.9	38.7	
Option	8mm	MSC-8STE	f=	8.000 mm	F/2.5	32.36	25.86	19.4	
Option	16mm	VL-1618STE	f=	16.000 mm	F/2.5	16.05	12.86	9.67	
Option	16mm	VL-1618STF	f=	16.000 mm	F/11	16.05	12.86	9.67	

*Note: C mount adapter is available.

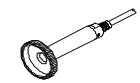
7 Cable Length

2,3,5,10m (TBD)

8 CCD Remote Head Shape

Straight Head (HD) type



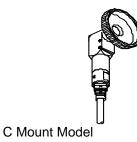


Fixed Lens Model

C Mount Model

L angle head (UHD) type





LAngle Head (LHD) type





Fixed Lens Model

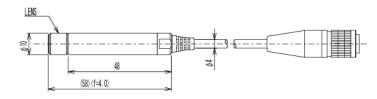
C Mount Model

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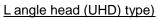
9 Dimensions

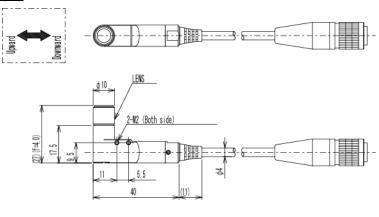
9.1 CCD Remote Head

Straight Head (HD) type



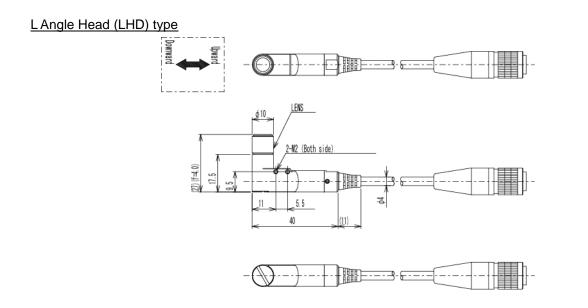
Unit: mm







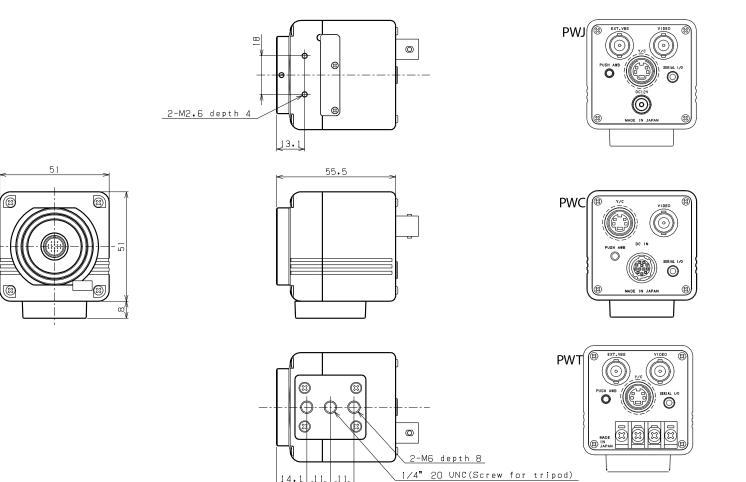
Unit: mm



Unit: mm

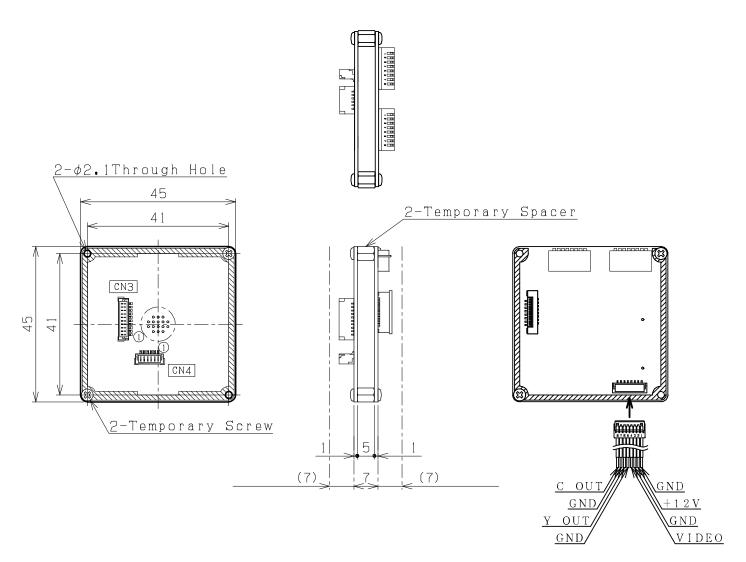


9.2 Cased(C-Mount): PWT, PWJ, PWC



Unit : mm





Unit : mm



10 Camera Set Up

When the user sets up the camera the following items may be required.

Camera: The model number of camera Control Software: DQUCtrl, Communication Cable: Serial Pin Jack cable (Serial Pin to RS232C Cable) Power: DC 12V (Please refer to Section "Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not und.")

11 The communication protocol specifications and Control Software manual

11.1 Communication settings

Setting	Value
Baud rate	115,200bps
Data bit	8 bits
Parity	None
Stop bit	2 bits
Flow control	None

11.2 Communication format

The format for the sending / receiving data between the PC and the camera (DSP register or FLASHROM) is shown below:

11.2.1Specifications of the sent commands

Function	1Byte	2Byte (COM)	3Byte	4Byte	5Byte		
DSP register WRITE*	SW	57h	CAT	STB	DT0	DTn	CS
DSP register READ	SW	52h	CAT	STB	ENB	CS	
FLASHROM WRITE	SW	7Ah	CS				
(ALL Categories)							
FLASHROM WRITE	SW	79h	CAT	CS			
(1 Category)							
FLASHROM WRITE	SW	78h	CAT	STB	ENB	CS	
(Byte)							
FLASHROM READ	SW	58h	CAT	STB	ENB	CS	
(Byte)							

* The packet byte length varies are depending on the length of the data strings (DT0 to DTn) to be written in the DSP registers.

The DSP registers data load from the FLASH ROM when power on the camera. It is necessary to save data into the FLASH ROM to keep changing data before power off the camera.

Checkpoints:

SENTECH

DSP register WRITE (COM=57[h])

In order to write the Data into the DSP register on DT0 to DTn set the Category and Start Byte. The maximum number of registers that can be written with one packet is 58 bytes.

DSP register READ (COM=52[h])

In order to read the Data from the DSP register on Start Byte to End Byte set the Category and Start Byte, End Byte.

The maximum number of registers that can be read with one packet is 60 bytes.

FLASHROM WRITE (ALL Categories) (COM=7A[h])

Write all of the current DSP register data into the FLASH ROM.

FLASHROM WRITE (1 Category) (COM=79[h])

Write the current DSP register data on one specific category into FLASH ROM.

FLASHROM WRITE (Byte) (COM=78[h])

Write the current DSP register data from start byte to end byte on one specific category into the FLASH ROM.

FLASHROM READ (COM=58[h])

Read the current DSP register data from start byte to end byte on one specific category on the FLASH ROM.

The maximum number of data inside the FLASH ROM that can be read with one packet is 60 bytes.

<Abbreviation symbols>

SW:	Start Word	Setting of the number of the valid bytes from SW and CS
COM:	Command	Setting of the commands and codes
CS:	Check Sum	Setting of the check sum from SW to CS
CAT:	Category	Setting of the target category
		Please refer to Section <u>"11.3 Camera Control Command and</u>
		Software Manual" for further information on this function.
STB:	Start Byte	Setting of the start byte (any setting from 1[h] to FE[h] can be
		selected)
ENB:	End Byte	Setting of the end byte (any setting from 1[h] to FE[h] can be
		selected)
DTn:	Data0 to Datan	Setting of the data to be written in the DSP register



Examples:

DSP register write (Write the data 0x20 to address category 09,0x64): 06,57,09,64,20,EA

- 06: 06 byte data 57: DSP register write 09: Category 09 64: Start byte 0x64 20: Write data 0x20
- EA: Check Sum

DSP register read (Read the data on address category 09 from 0x64 to 0x65): 06,52,09,64,65,2A

06: 06 byte data 52: DSP register read 09: Category 09 64: Start byte 0x64 65: End byte 0x65 2A: Check Sum

All categories data write into FLASH ROM: 03,7A,7D

03: 03 byte data 7A: All categories data write into FLASH ROM 7D: Check Sum

One category data write into FLASH ROM (Write the all of data on category 09): 04,79,09,86

04: 04 byte data79: One category data write into FLASH ROM09: Category 0986: Check Sum

11.2.2Specifications of the received data

Function	1Byte	2Byte	3Byte			
DSP register WRITE	SW	ST	CS			
DSP register READ	SW	ST	Read D	DT0 R	ead DTn	CS
FLASHROM WRITE	SW	ST	CS			
(ALL Categories)						
FLASHROM WRITE	SW	ST	CS			
(1 Category)						
FLASHROM WRITE	SW	ST	CS			
(Byte)						
FLASHROM READ	SW	ST	Read D	DT0 R	ead DTn	CS
(Byte)*						

* The packet byte length varies depending on the length of the data strings (DT0 to DTn) that have been read.

<Abbreviation symbols>

SW:	Start Word	The number of the valid bytes from SW and CS
ST :	Status Word	The sent command result
		Successful completion: Number of bytes received previously Unsuccessful completion: An error code
		Error codes F1[h]: Category number error F2[h]: Byte number error FE[h]: Check Sum error, Communication byte error
CS:	Check Sum	The check sum from SW to CS
DTn:	Data0 to Datan	Read data

#Example of Successful completion (DSP register WRITE)

Send: 0x06, 0x57, 0x09, 0x64, 0x20, 0xEA

	6Byte Number of received previous	bytes sly	06: 06 byte data 57: DSP register WRITE 09: Category 09 64: Start byte 0x64 65: Write data 0x20 EA: Check Sum
Receive: 0x03, 0x06,	0x09		

03: 03 byte data06: Number of bytes received previously09: Check Sum



Detail of error code

0xF1 (Category number error)

When a non-existent category is selected on Memory Write or Read command, this error code is output.

#Example

Send: 0x06, 0x52, 0x20, 0x01, 0x01, 0x7A Receive: 0x03, 0xF1, 0xF4 0x20 is a non-existent category, therefore ST return 0xF1.

0xF2(Byte number error)

When unavailable Start Byte or End Byte is selected on Memory Write or Read command, this error code is output.

#Example

Send: 0x06, 0x52, 0x03, 0xFE, 0xFE, 0x57 Receive: 0x03, 0xF2, 0xF5 0xFE is out of valuable rage of Start Byte on Category 03, 0xF2 is output.

0xF3 (Communication format error)

When sending the command, the error on RS232C Communication format (e.g. over run error, framing error) comes up, this error code is output.

#Example

When 1StopBit was sent, even 2StopBit format is correct. This error code is output.

0xF4 (Time out error)

When the number of valid bytes is not received within a certain period, this error code is output.

#Example

Send: 0x06, 0x52, 0x03, 0x01, 0x01

Receive: 0x03, 0xF4, 0xF7

In this case data is received after a certain period.

In this case 1byte data did not receive (send) as CS, 0xF4 will be output after certain period.

0xFE (Check Sum error, Communication byte error)

When Check Sum (CS) or Transfer byte number is wrong, this error code is output. #Example

Send: 0x06, 0x52, 0x03, 0x01, 0x01, 0x55

Receive: 0x03, 0xFE, 0x01

Check Sum was wrong (it should be 0x5D), 0xFE is output.

#Example

Send: 0x05, 0x52, 0x03, 0x01, 0x01, 0x5C Receive: 0x03, 0xFE, 0x01 Total Byte number was wrong (it should be 0x06), 0xFEis output.



11.3 Camera Control Command and Software Manual

This camera can be controlled through the communication protocol or Control Software (DQUCtrl). Control Software has same functions. When the user would like to access the function register directory, the user can refer to the address information shown below

11.3.1Port Driver Function

The Camera settings can be set through External Switch (SW201,202,PushSW),for a more detailed description, please refer to the Section <u>"Switch Specifications".</u>

When the camera setting changes through the External Switch (SW201,202,PushSW), the Port Driver should be "ON". If the Port Driver is set "OFF", the External Switch (SW201,202,PushSW) setting will not be reflected.

However, when the camera settings change through the Control Software, the Port Driver should be "OFF" before the register is set. If the Port Driver is set "ON", the External Switch (SW201,202,PushSW) setting will be reflected.

When the Port Driver is "ON", the External Switch (SW201,202,PushSW) setting is still available.

Below is an example of how to use the Port driver on AWB Mode.

The related register with the Port Driver function is in the rectangular box on the Control Software (DQUCtrl).

(e.g. Upper right side in the rectangular box: Port Driver function's combo box, Bottom side in the rectangular box: AWB Mode's combo box,)

Port Driver Function(SW202_4-PWB)	[02H]ON	•
AWB Mode [C05_001H.0-3]	[00H]ATW	-

When the Port Driver Function is "ON", the External Switch(SW201,202,PushSW) should work. Under this condition, AWB mode cannot be controlled through the Control Software.

Port Driver Function(SW202_4-PWB)	[02H]ON -	ſ	Port Driver Function	: Disable for "ON"
AWB Mode [C05_001H.0-3]	[00H]ATW -			

If the user would like to control AWB Mode through the Control Software, the Port Driver Function should be set to "OFF".

When the Port Driver Function is "OFF", the Control Software can control this function.

However when the Port Driver Function is "OFF", the External Switch's settings are disabled. Therefore AWB cannot be controlled through the External Switch.

Port Driver Function(SW202_4-PWB)	[00H]OFF	•	
AWB Mode [C05_001H.0-3]	[00H]ATW		Port Driver Function : enable for "OFF"



11.3.2Shutter/Gain

Port Driver Function(SW201_1) [C01_01CH.0-2]	[02H]ON	•		
Select AE Mode [C03_002H.0-2]	[00H]Shutter	v		
E User Reference Level [C03_003H.0-004H.1]	0		 1 1 1	 104 🌩
AE User Reference Level [C03_003H.0-004H.1] AE Speed [C03_009H]	_			

Select AE Mode (AEMODE)

Selects the AE control mode

AE mode has to be set as "Auto exposure (AEME = 0 (0h)" to activate this mode selection. AEMODE can control middle- and high-brightness areas on AE. When user set this parameter through Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section Port Driver Function).

Category: 03d Start byte: 002H.0-2 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode) Setting: 0 (0h) to 2 (2h) Selection:

0h: Shutter

- 1h: Reserved
- 2h: Shutter Fix

Detailed description of AEMODE

SHTMAX, SHTMIN described in this section refers to the upper limit of the electronic shutter speed and the lower limit of the electronic shutter speed, respectively.

The upper limits of the electronic shutter speed are set using the SHTMAXML, SHTMAXL, SHTMAXH and SHTMAXM parameters.

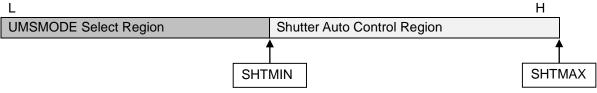
The lower limits of the electronic shutter speed are set using the SHTMINML, SHTMINL, SHTMINH and SHTMINMH parameters.

For details on the electronic shutter speed range settings, refer to the Sections "<u>AE minimum exposure</u> time", "<u>AE maximum exposure time</u>".

AEMODE=0[h] Shutter

In this mode, auto exposure control is exercised in the middle- and high-brightness areas using the electronic shutter. The electronic shutter speed is controlled across a range from SHTMIN and SHTMAX.

Luminance



AEMODE=2[h] Shutter Fix

In this mode, the electronic shutter value is fixed. Used as the electronic shutter value is the setting selected by ME. For further information regarding ME, please refer to Section <u>3.3.7 ME</u>.

AE User Reference Level (AEREFLVL)

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When control is exercised using the mechanical iris and electronic shutter, AE operates so that the brightness converges at the base reference position.

When the base reference is set high, the brightness converges at a high position; when it is set low, it converges at a low position.

Category: 03d Start byte: 003H.0-004H.1 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode) Setting: 0 (0h) to 1023 (3FFh)

AE Speed (AESPEED)

The convergence speed of AE can be adjusted. If the convergence speed is too high, AE may oscillate near the convergence position. The AE oscillation can be prevented by adjusting the convergence speed.

The higher the AESPEED parameter setting, the lower the convergence speed; conversely, the lower the parameter setting, the higher the speed.

Sets the AE convergence speed

AE Base Reference Level

AE mode has to be set as "Auto exposure (AEME = 0 (0h)" to activate this AE convergence speed setting

Category: 03 d Start byte: 009H.0-7 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode) Setting: 0 (0h) to 255 (FFh) Selection: 0[h] (fast) to FF[h] (slow)

AE Dead Band (AEDBAND)

The dead bands are provided to ensure that AE will not track the very minor changes in the brightness. AE operates only when the brightness has changed from the convergence level by an amount exceeding the values set by the dead bands.

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The dead bands are adjusted by the following parameters, and can be adjusted only for the AGC control area and the low-speed shutter area. Increasing the value widens the dead band, and makes it more difficult for AE to follow changes in the brightness.

Sets the dead bands for the AGC control area and the low-speed shutter area AE mode has to be set as "Auto exposure (AEME = 0 (0h)" to activate this AE dead band adjustment setting

Category: 03 d Start byte: 00BH.0-7 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode) Setting: 0 (0h) to 255 (FFh) Selection: 0[h] (no dead band) to FF[h] (maximum dead band)

High-Speed Shutter		
High-speed shutter MAX value (1/10s Unit) [C03_00DH.0-3]	0	0
High-speed shutter MAX value (1/100s Unit) [C03_00DH.4-7]	0	0
High-speed shutter MAX value (1/1000s Unit) [C03_00EH.0-3]	0	0
High-speed shutter MAX value (1/10000s Unit) [C03_00EH.4-7]	0	10 🜩
		1/100,000[s]
High-speed shutter MIN value (1/10s Unit) [C03_00FH.0-3]	0	0
High-speed shutter MIN value (1/100s Unit) [C03_00FH.4-7]	0	0 牵
High-speed shutter MIN value (1/1000s Unit) [C03_010H.0-3]	0	0 🌩
High-speed shutter MIN value (1/10000s Unit) [C03_010H.4-7]	0	0 🚖
		1/60[s]

AE minimum exposure time

Sets the minimum exposure time for the auto exposure control

High-speed shutter MAX value (1/10s Unit) SHTMAXML : Shutter upper limit: Set the denominator of the 1/10[s] digit. High-speed shutter MAX value (1/100s Unit) SHTMAXL : Shutter upper limit: Set the denominator of the 1/100[s] digit. High-speed shutter MAX value (1/1000s Unit) SHTMAXH : Shutter upper limit: Set the denominator of the 1/1,000[s] digit. High-speed shutter MAX value (1/1000s Unit) SHTMAXH : Shutter upper limit: Set the denominator of the 1/1,000[s] digit. High-speed shutter MAX value (1/1000s Unit) SHTMAXH : Shutter upper limit: Set the denominator of the 1/1,000[s] digit.

	SHTMAXML	SHTMAXL	SHTMAXH	SHTMAXMH
Outline	The minimum expos	sure time for the auto	exposure control	
Category	03d			
Start byte	00DH.0-3	00DH.4-7	00EH0-3	00EH4-7
Setting	0 (0h) to 9 (9h)	0 (0h) to 9 (9h)	0 (0h) to 9 (9h)	0 (0h) to 10 (Ah)
Selection	Sets the	Sets the	Sets the	Sets the
	denominator of the	denominator of the	denominator of the	denominator of the
	1/10[s] digit	1/100[s] digit	1/1000[s] digit	1/10000[s] digit



In order to set the exposure time; 1/60 to 1/100,000 seconds on NTSC, 1/50 to 100,000 seconds on PAL, use the following command:

Category: 03d Start byte: 13d.0 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode), AEMODE = 0(h)

AE maximum exposure time

Sets the maximum exposure time for the auto exposure control

High-speed shutter MIN value (1/10s Unit) SHTMINML : Shutter lower limit: Set the denominator of the 1/10[s] digit. High-speed shutter MIN value (1/100s Unit) SHTMINL : Shutter lower limit: Set the denominator of the 1/100[s] digit. High-speed shutter MIN value (1/1000s Unit) SHTMINH : Shutter lower limit: Set the denominator of the 1/1,000[s] digit. High-speed shutter MIN value (1/1000s Unit) SHTMINH : Shutter lower limit: Set the denominator of the 1/1,000[s] digit. High-speed shutter MIN value (1/1000s Unit) SHTMINH : Shutter lower limit: Set the denominator of the 1/10,000[s] digit.

	SHTMINML	SHTMINL	SHTMINH	SHTMINMH
Outline	The maximum expo	sure time for the auto	exposure control	
Category	03d			
Start byte	00FH0-3	00FH4-7	010H.0-3	010H.4-7
Setting	0 (0h) to 9 (9h)	0 (0h) to 9 (9h)	0 (0h) to 9 (9h)	0 (0h) to 10 (Ah)
Selection	Sets the	Sets the	Sets the	Sets the
	denominator of the	denominator of the	denominator of the	denominator of the
	1/10[s] digit	1/100[s] digit	1/1000[s] digit	1/10000[s] digit

In order to set the exposure time; 1/60 to 1/100,000 seconds on NTSC, 1/50 to 100,000 seconds on PAL, use the following command:

Category: 03d Start byte: 15d.0 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode), AEMODE = 0(h) Setting: 000A

Examples:

Set the shutter speed to 1/250[s].	
SHTMAXML \rightarrow 5 (1/10s digit)	SHTMINML \rightarrow 5 (1/10s digit)
SHTMAXL \rightarrow 2 (1/100s digit)	SHTMINL \rightarrow 2 (1/100s digit)
SHTMAXH \rightarrow 0 (1/1,000s digit)	SHTMINH \rightarrow 0 (1/1,000s digit)
SHTMAXMH \rightarrow 0 (1/10,000s digit) SHTMINMH \rightarrow 0 (1/10,000s digit)



Port Driver Function(SW202_1-3)	[02H]ON	•		
InderMinShutter Mode [C03_002H.3-5]	[00H]UMSOFF Mode	v		
				5
w Shutter Max Accumulation Time [C03	3_015H.1-016H.1]		 · · · · · ·	5 🏚
	-		112	5 🖕 25.58[dB
ow Shutter Max Accumulation Time [C03 GC MAX Gain [C03_012H] GC MID Gain [C03 014H]	8_015H.1-016H.1]		 	

Under MinShutter Mode (UMSMODE)

Selects the AE control mode (low-brightness areas)

AE mode has to be set as "Auto exposure (AEME = 0 (0h)" to activate this AE control mode selection for the low brightness areas. when user set this parameter through Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section <u>Port Driver Function</u>).

Category: 03 d Start byte: 002H.3-5 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode), <u>Port Driver Function (</u>SW202.1-3) = "ON" Setting: 0 (0h) to 5 (5h) Selection: 0h: UMSOFF Mode 1h: AGC Mode 2h: SLOW Shutter Mode 3h: AGC -> SLOW Shutter 4h: SLOW Shutter -> AGC 5h: AGC -> SLOW Shutter -> AGC

Detailed description of UMSMODE

One of the following six modes for UMSMODE (under min. shutter modes) can be selected as the control method under low-brightness conditions where the sufficient exposure cannot be achieved using the electronic shutter or mechanical iris.

UMSMODE=0[h] UMSOFF Mode

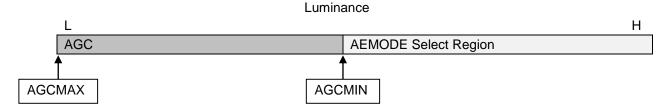
In this mode, no exposure control is exercised in the low-brightness areas. AGC is fixed at the gain value which was set using the AGCMIN parameter (CAT9_Byte80_bit0-7).



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L		Н				
UMSOFF(AGCMIN FIX)	AEMODE Select Region					

UMSMODE=1[h] AGC Mode

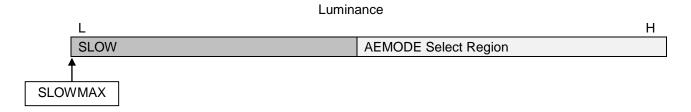
In this mode, auto exposure control is exercised over the low-brightness areas using AGC. The control range for AGC is set using the AGCMIN and AGCMAX.



UMSMODE=2[h] SLOW Shutter Mode

In this mode, auto exposure control is exercised in the low-brightness areas using the low-speed shutter. The maximum storage time is set using SLOWMAX.

This time can be set in 1-field increments, and a maximum of 512 fields can be stored.

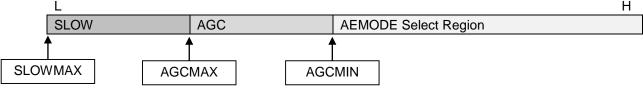


UMSMODE=3[h] AGC -> AGC -> SLOW Shutter

In this mode, auto exposure control is exercised in the low-brightness areas using AGC and the low-speed shutter.

When a low-brightness area is entered from a middle-brightness area, AGC control is exercised first. When the gain value of AGC reaches its maximum, operation transfers to low-speed shutter control. The control range for AGC is set using the AGCMIN and AGCMAX parameters. The maximum storage time of the low-speed shutter is set using SLOWMAX. The AGCMAX value serves as the AGC gain value in the low-speed shutter control area.





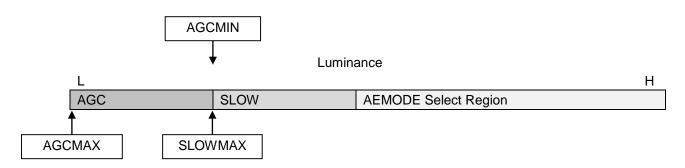


UMSMODE=4[h] SLOW -> SLOW Shutter -> AGC

In this mode, auto exposure control is exercised in the low-brightness areas using the low-speed shutter and AGC. When a low-brightness area is entered from a middle-brightness area, low-speed shutter control is exercised first.

When the storage time of the low-speed shutter reaches its maximum, operation transfers to AGC control.

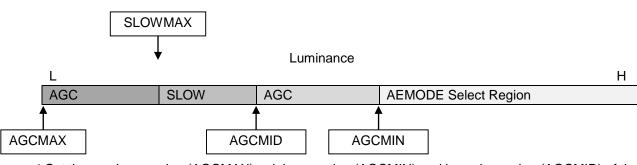
The maximum storage time of the low-speed shutter is set using SLOWMAX. The control range for AGC is set using the AGCMIN and AGCMAX parameters. The SLOWMAX value serves as the electronic shutter value in the AGC control area.



UMSMODE=5[h] AGC -> AGC -> SLOW Shutter -> AGC

In this mode, the signal-to-noise ratio and dynamic resolution can be adjusted by dividing the low-brightness areas into three control areas and by inserting the low-speed shutter area inside the AGC area. When a low-brightness area is entered from a middle-brightness area, AGC control is exercised first. When the gain value of AGCMID is reached, operation transfers to low-speed shutter control. Then, when the storage time of the low-speed shutter reaches its maximum, operation returns to AGC control. The AGC control range is set using the AGCMIN, AGCMID and AGCMAX parameters. The maximum storage time of the low-speed shutter is set using SLOWMAX.

The value which was set by AGCMID serves as the AGC gain value in the low-speed shutter control area. The value which was set by SLOWMAX serves as the shutter value in the AGC control area after low-speed shutter control.



* Set the maximum value (AGCMAX), minimum value (AGCMIN) and boundary value (AGCMID) of the AGC gain in such a way that all three values stand in the proper correlation to one another. (AGCMAX > AGCMID > AGCMIN)

Low-speed shutter control is exercised within the predetermined range of the number of storage fields. The



upper limit of the number of storage fields can be set as desired.

Slow Shutter Max Accumulation Time (SLOWMAX)

Sets the upper limit of the number of low-speed shutter storage fields

Category: 03 d Start byte: 015H.1-016H.1 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode), <u>UMSMODE</u> = 2,3,4,5(h) Setting: 0 (0h) to 511 (1FFh) Selection:

The upper limit of the number of storage fields can be set in the 1 to 512 range. Number of storage fields [FLD] = Setting + 1

AGC MAX Gain (AGCMAX)

Sets the maximum gain for the AGC control

Category: 03 d Start byte: 012H.0-7 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h), UMSMODE=1,3,4,5(h), Setting: 0 (0h) to 255 (FFh) Selection: 00 - FF[h] *Note: Configurable value depends on camera model.

AGC MID Gain (AGCMID)

Sets the boundary value of the AGC gain The boundary value of the AGC gain has to be smaller than the maximum gain (AGCMAX) and the greater than the minimum gain (AGCMIN) for the AGC control.

Category: 03 d Start byte: 014H.0-7 Condition: UMSMODE = 5 (5h) , AGCMAX > AGCMID > AGCMIN Setting: 0 (0h) to 255 (FFh) Selection: 00 - FF[h] This is a construction of the set of t

*Note: Configurable value depends on camera model.

AGC MIN Gain (AGCMIN)

Sets the minimum gain for the AGC control

Category: 09 d Start byte: 050H.0-7 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h, low gain) to 255 (FFh, high gain) Selection: 00 - FF[h]: Low gain - High gain *Note: Configurable value depends on camera model.



11.3.3Chroma

High Luminance Chroma Suppress			
High Luminance Chroma Suppress Selection [C02_03DH.2]	[01H]ON	•	
High Luminance Chroma Suppress Threshold [C02_03DH.3-03EH.4]	,	0	544 🚖
High Luminance Chroma Suppress Step Width [C02_03EH.5-03FH.0]	-0		1

High Luminance Chroma Suppress Selection(CSHLON)

Sets the high-brightness chroma suppression function to ON or OFF.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 03DH.2 Condition: -Selection:

> 0[h] : OFF 1[h] : ON

High Luminance Chroma Suppress Threshold(CSHLTH)

Sets the high-brightness chroma suppression brightness threshold. If the boundary value is set too low, even the Normal Luminance Chroma Suppress might reach high luminance and suppress the normal Chroma signal.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 03DH.3-03EH.4 Condition: -Setting: 000 (0h) to 1023 (3FFh) (low to high)

High Luminance Chroma Suppress Step Width(CSHLSTEP)

Sets the high-brightness chroma suppression step width 0[h] to F[h] (sharp to smooth)

Category: 02 d Start byte: 03EH.5-03FH.0 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 15 (Fh) (sharp to smooth)



ow Luminance Chroma Suppress			
Low Luminance Chroma Suppress Selection [C02_03FH.1]	[01H]ON	•	
Low Luminance Chroma Suppress Threshold [C02_03FH2-040H3]	-0		26 🜩
Low Luminance Chroma Suppress Step Width [C02_040H.4-7]	-0		1.

Low Luminance Chroma Suppress Selection(CSLLON)

The low-brightness chroma suppression function suppresses the chroma signal level in the low-brightness (low signal-to-noise ratio) areas to make the color noise inconspicuous. It treats brightness below the threshold level as noise, and suppresses the colors in those areas. Sets the low-brightness chroma suppression function to ON or OFF.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 03FH.1 Condition: -Selection:

> 0[h] : OFF 1[h] : ON

Low Luminance Chroma Suppress Threshold(CSLLTH)

Chroma suppression is applied to the brightness levels below the CSLLTH setting, but bear in mind that if CSLLTH is set too high, the normal brightness areas will also be treated as low-brightness areas and the normal chroma signals will also be suppressed.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 03FH.2 - 040H.3 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 1023 (3FFh) (low to high)

Low Luminance Chroma Suppress Step Width(CSLLSTEP)

Sets the low-brightness chroma suppression function to ON or OFF.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 040H.4-7 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 15 (Fh) (sharp to smooth)

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Hue/Gain

4Quadrant Setting [C02_035H.0]

R-Y GAIN 1st Quadrant Limit [C02_041H] B-Y GAIN 1st Quadrant Limit [C02_045H] R-Y HUE 1st Quadrant Limit [C02_049H] B-Y HUE 1st Quadrant Limit [C02_04DH]

R-Y GAIN 2nd Quadrant Limit [C02_042H] B-Y GAIN 2nd Quadrant Limit [C02_046H] R-Y HUE 2nd Quadrant Limit [C02_04AH] B-Y HUE 2nd Quadrant Limit [C02_04EH]

R-Y GAIN 3rd Quadrant Limit [C02_043H] B-Y GAIN 3rd Quadrant Limit [C02_047H] R-Y HUE 3rd Quadrant Limit [C02_04BH] B-Y HUE 3rd Quadrant Limit [C02_04FH]

R-Y GAIN 4th Quadrant Limit [C02_044H] B-Y GAIN 4th Quadrant Limit [C02_048H] R-Y HUE 4th Quadrant Limit [C02_04CH] B-Y HUE 4th Quadrant Limit [C02_050H]

[()1H]S	Бера	rate	Sett	ing			•									
1							1			1	0,		1		1	1	160 🚔 🛛
1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	I	1	0,	1	1		1	1	160 🌲
1		1	1	1		-0	1	1	1	1		1	1		1	1	-32 🚔
I		1	1				1	0,	1	1		1	I		I.	1	-12 🚔 [
1		1									0,		1		1		160 🚔 [
_									1		0						160 🚖
_						-0			1								-32 🚖
1	1	1	1	-	1		1	0,	1	1	1	1	I.	-	T	1	-12 🌲
										-							144 🚔
											0						160 🚔 🛛
1				1	1	-0			1								-32
_	1	1	1			1		ė	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	-12
1	1	1	1			1		1	. (•	1	1	1		1	1	144 🊔 [
	_	_					1	1	1	1	0				1		160 🚔 🗌
1																	
1	-	1	1	1		,0	1	1	1	1		1	1		1	1	-32 🚔

4Quadrant Setting (CNEGPOS)

Chroma signal negative/positive reversal function.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 040H.4-7 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 1 (1h) 0[h]: Simultaneous Setting 1[h] : Separate Setting

R-Y GAIN Quadrant Limit,

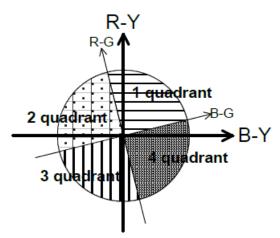
Users can use the hue and gain adjustments to adjust the colors to their preference by setting the color gain parameters (RYGAIN0-4, BYGAIN0-4) and phase parameters (RYHUE0-4, BYHUE0-4). There are two setting options: the 4-quadrant simultaneous setting which is used to adjust all four quadrants using only the parameters of the first quadrant, and the 4-quadrant separate setting which is used to adjust each of the four quadrants separately. The 4-quadrant separate setting enables color adjustments with a greater degree of freedom.

Parameter	Address	Description
R-Y GAIN 1st to 4th Quadrant Limit (RYGAIN0-4) Category: 02 d	Adjusts the R-Y GAIN in quadrants 1 t
R-Y GAIN 1st to 4th Quadrant Limit (BYGAIN0-4) Start byte: 041H_bit0	Adjusts the B-Y GAIN in quadrants 1 t
R-Y Hue1st to 4th Quadrant Limit (RYHUE0-4)	to 050H_bit7	Adjusts the R-Y Hue in quadrants 1 to
B-Y Hue 1st to 4th Quadrant Limit (BYHUE0-4)		Adjusts the B-Y Hue in quadrants 1 to

Note:

Be very careful with the settings when setting the HUE and GAIN to be adjusted separately for the four quadrants since problems may occur in the color reproduction along the boundaries between the quadrants if considerably different gain and hue settings are established for each quadrant.

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11.3.4Gamma

Gamma Mode Gamma Function Mode [C02_00DH.0]	[01H]Preset Mode	¥
Preset Mode Settings		
Freat Mode Settings		
Y Gamma Level [C02_00DH.4-7]	[05H]2.2	•
Y Knee Level [C02_00EH.0-3]	[05H]114%	-
-		
Chroma Gamma Level [C02_00EH.4-7]	[02H]1.6	•
	Lesi d'in	
	[05H]114%	
Chroma Knee Level [C02_00FH.0-3]	[U5H]114%	•

It is possible to select one of two gamma operations--the preset mode operation or user mode operation--by setting the GAMMAMODE parameter.

Gamma Function Mode(GAMMAMODE)

Sets the Y variable gamma

Category: 02 d Start byte: 00DH.0 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 1 (1h) Selection: 0h: Manual <= This mode cannot be selected through control software. 1h: Preset mode

In each of these modes, the gamma curve can be set separately for the luminance (Y) signal and chroma signal. I In the preset mode, any of nine predetermined gamma curves can be selected using the four parameters of <u>YGAM</u> • <u>YNKEE</u> • <u>CGAM</u> • <u>CKNEE</u>...



Y Gamma level (YGAM)

Sets the Y variable gamma This DSP value describe the reciprocal value, the Gamma value on camera should be reciprocal.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 00DH..4-7 Condition: GAMMAMODE = 1 Setting: 0 (0h) to 8 (8h) Selection: 0h: Gamma = 1.2 (Gamma = 0.83) 1h: Gamma = 1.4 (Gamma = 0.71) 2h: Gamma = 1.6 (Gamma = 0.62) 3h: Gamma = 1.8 (Gamma = 0.55) 4h: Gamma = 2.0 (Gamma = 0.50) 5h: Gamma = 2.2 (Gamma = 0.45) 6h: Gamma = 2.4 (Gamma = 0.41) 7h: Gamma = 2.6 (Gamma = 0.38) 8h: Gamma = 1.0 (Gamma = 1.00)

Y Kneel level (YKNEE)

Set the Y variable kneel

Category: 02 d Start byte: 00EH.0-3 Condition: GAMMAMODE = 1 Setting: 0 (0h) to 8 (8h) Selection: 0h: 104% 1h: 106% 2h: 108% 3h: 110% 4h: 112% 5h: 114% 6h: 116% 7h: 118% 8h: Max output signal

The low-brightness side with an output level up to 100% is the Y gamma area. The gamma curve has an increasingly higher output level as the YGAM preset value is increased from 0[h] to 7[h]. A setting of 8[h] selected for YGAM produces gamma characteristics where the input and output levels up to 100% are connected by a straight line. The high-brightness side with input and output levels in excess of 100% is the Y knee area. The gradient of the knee characteristics becomes increasingly lower as the YKNEE preset value is decreased from 7[h] to 0[h].



Chroma Gamma level (CGAM)

Set the C variable gamma.

This DSP value describe the reciprocal value, the Gamma value on camera should be reciprocal.

Category: 02 d Start byte: 14 d.4-7 Condition: GAMMAMODE = 1 Setting: 0 (0h) to 8 (8h) Selection: 0h: Gamma = 1.2 (Gamma = 0.83) 1h: Gamma = 1.4 (Gamma = 0.71) 2h: Gamma = 1.6 (Gamma = 0.62) 3h: Gamma = 1.8 (Gamma = 0.55) 4h: Gamma = 2.0 (Gamma = 0.50) 5h: Gamma = 2.2 (Gamma = 0.45) 6h: Gamma = 2.4 (Gamma = 0.41) 7h: Gamma = 2.6 (Gamma = 0.38) 8h: Gamma = 1.0 (Gamma = 1.00)

Chroma Kneel level (CKNEE)

Set the C variable kneel

Category: 02 d Start byte: 15 d.0-3 Condition: GAMMAMODE = 1 Setting: 0 (0h) to 8 (8h) Selection: 0h: 104% 1h: 106% 2h: 108% 3h: 110% 4h: 112% 5h: 114% 6h: 116% 7h: 118% 8h: Max output signal

Any chroma gamma and knee level can be set by combining one of nine chroma gamma curves using CGAM with one of nine chroma knee levels using CKNEE. The low-range side with an output level up to 100% is the chroma gamma area. The gamma curve has an increasingly higher output level as the CGAM preset value is increased from 0[h] to 7[h]. A setting of 8[h] selected for CGAM produces gamma characteristics where the input and output levels up to 100% are connected by a straight line. The high-range side with input and output levels in excess of 100% is the chroma knee area. The gradient of the knee characteristics becomes increasingly lower as the CKNEE preset value is decreased from 8[h] to 1[h]. A setting of 0[h] selected for CKNEE produces knee characteristics which connect a level up to the maximum

11.3.5BLC

The backlight compensation function provides compensation by increasing the brightness of the overall screen so that subjects being shot with a loss of dark detail due to backlight will have just the right brightness level.

Light Compensation			_
Port Driver Function(SW201_7) [C01_04CH.0-2]	[02H]ON	•	
Back Light Compensation Switch [C03_01EH.0]	[00H]OFF	-	
Port Driver Function(SW201_8) [C01_054H.0-2]	[02H]ON	-	
Back Light Compensation Function [C03_01EH.1-2]	[01H]Auto Weighted Average	Y	

Back Light Compensation Switch (BLCON)

When using the backlight and excessive front lighting compensation functions, set 1[h] (ON) for the BLCON. When a user sets this parameter through the Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section <u>Port Driver</u> <u>Function</u>).

Category: 03d Start byte: 01EH.0 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode), Setting: 0 (0h) to 1 (1h) Selection: 0h: OFF 1h: ON

Back Light Compensation Function (BLCMODE)

Selects the backlight compensation function mode When the user sets this parameter through the Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section <u>Port Driver</u> <u>Function</u>).

Category: 03d Start byte: 01EH.1-2 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode), <u>Port Driver Function</u> (SW201.8) = "ON" Setting: 0 (0h) to 3 (3h) Selection: 0h: Fixed weighted Average 1h: Auto weighted Average 2h: Reserved 3h: Reserved

Fixed Weighted Average

1	1	1
1	3	1
1	1	1

window Weight [C03_06FH]	Ģ										T	1	1		1	1	1
lwindow Weight [C03_070H]	Ģ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
window Weight [C03_071H]	0		1	1	1	1	ł	1	1	ł	1	1	ł	1	1	ł	
Swindow Weight [C03_072H]	0																1
window Weight [C03_073H]		1	ï	ł	1	ł	ł	ï	ł	ł	1	I	ł	ł	ł	1	ł
window Weight [C03_075H]	ě	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
window Weight [C03_076H]	ė																1
Window Weight [C03_077H]	Ģ			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	

Fixed Weighted Average (WEIGHT0- WEIGHT8)

The fixed weighting mode works when the position of the subject to be shot is already known. There are nine detector frames, and a weighting can be set separately for each. By increasing the weighting of the frame where the subject to be shot is present, the exposure is controlled so that the brightness is just right for the subject.

Category: 03d

0 Window: WEIGHT0 Start byte: 06FH.0-7 1 Window: WEIGHT1 Start byte: 070H.0-7 2 Window: WEIGHT2 Start byte: 071H.0-7 3 Window: WEIGHT3 Start byte: 072H.0-7 4 Window: WEIGHT4 Start byte: 073H.0-7 5 Window: WEIGHT5 Start byte: 074H.0-7 6 Window: WEIGHT6 Start byte: 075H.0-7 7 Window: WEIGHT7 Start byte: 076H.0-7 8 Window: WEIGHT8 Start byte: 077H0-7

Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 0 (0h) (AE mode), <u>BLCON</u>=1 (1h) Setting: 0 (0h) to 255 (FFh)

Selection:

0[h] (minimum weighting) - FF[h] (maximum weighting) Correlation between frames and weighting parameters

Window 0	Window 1	Window 2
Window 3	Window 4	Window 5
Window 6	Window 7	Window 8

Auto Weighting mode

In the auto weighting mode, backlight compensation, which is not dependent on the position of the subject, can be implemented. The mode works when there is a difference in brightness between the background and subject to be shot.



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AE Detector Frames

Size of Auto Weight Window to be determined Horizontal:<u>AEDWH1,AEDWH2</u> and Vertical:<u>AEDWV1,AEDWV2</u>.

AED Frame Horizontal 1,2 (AEDWH1, AEDWH2)

AEDWH1 : AED Frame Horizontal 1

AEDWH2 : AED Frame Horizontal 2

	AEDWH1,	AEDWH2							
Outline	Sets the horizontal positions of the AED frames								
Category	03 d								
Start byte	03EH.1 to 03FH.1	03FH.2 to 040H.2							
Setting	0 (0h) to 480 (1E0h)	0 (0h) to 480 (1E0h)							
	1≦AEDWH1≦	2≦AEDWH2≦							
	Maximum horizontal	Maximum horizontal							
	value -2	value -1							
Selection	This sets the horizontal pos	itions of the AED frames							
	Increase or decrease 1 value, shift 2 pixels (2pixel/1[h])								

The maximum horizontal values differ depending on the CCD image sensor used.

AED Frame Vertical 1,2 (AEDWV1, AEDWV2)

AEDWV1: AED Frame Vertical 1 AEDWV2: AED Frame Vertical 2

	AEDWV1,	AEDWV2							
Outline	Sets the vertical positions of the AED frames								
Category	03 d								
Start byte	043H.2 to 044H.2	045H.0 to 046H.0							
Setting	0 (0h) to 290 (122h)	0 (0h) to 290 (122h)							
	1≦AEDWV1≦	2≦AEDWV2≦							
	Maximum vertical	Maximum vertical							
	value -2	value -1							
Selection	This sets the vertical positi	ons of the AED frames							
	Increase or decrease 1 value, shift 2 lines (lines /1[h])								

The maximum vertical values differ depending on the CCD image sensor used.

AE Detector frame settings



Window 0	Window 1	Window 2
	AEDWV1	
Window 3 AEDWH1	Window 4	Window 5 AEDWH2
Window 6	★ Window 7	Window 8

Set the parameters so that the following conditions are met. AEDWH1 < AEDWH2 AEDWV1 < AEDWV2

Number of effective pixels per CCD device

	760H NTSC	760H PAL
Number of effective	768	752
horizontal pixels		
Number of effective	492	580
vertical pixels		

AE detector frame setting range

	760H NTSC	760H PAL
Minimum horizontal value	1 (1h)	1(1h)
(minimum value of AEDWH1)		
Maximum horizontal value	383(18Fh)	375(177h)
(maximum value of AEDWH2)		
Minimum vertical value	1(1h)	1(1h)
(minimum value of AEDWV1)		
Maximum vertical value	245(F5h)	289(121h)
(maximum value of AEDWV2)		

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11.3.6White Balance

Port Driver Function(SW202_4-PWB)	[02H)]ON				•	•								
AWB Mode [C05_001H.0-3]	[00H]ATW					-								
anual White Balance (USER Mode)															
R Gain Of USER Mode [C05_013H.0-014H.3]	, Ģ	,	1	1	1	1	,	1	1		1	,	1	1	256 🌩
						1								_	256 🔶

AWB Mode (Auto White Balance Operation Mode (AWB))

Auto White Balance (AWB) is a function which compensates for deviations in the white color caused by changes in the color temperature of the light source to control the white balance gain within the chroma signal processing so that the colors are reproduced correctly. When the user sets this parameter through the Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section Port Driver Function).

Category: 05 d Start byte: 001H.0-3 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 8 (8h) Selection: 0h: ATW (Auto trace white balance) 1h: Full Pull IN 2h: Reserved 3h: Hold 4h: Reserved 5h: Reserved

- 6h: Reserved
- 7h: User
- 8h: Reserved

ATW (Auto trace white balance)

This function automatically tracks the changes in the color temperature, and adjusts the white balance. Pull-in control is exercised only when the color temperature is determined to be inside the pull-in frame.

Full Pull IN (Push to set white balance)

This function adjusts the white balance regardless of the subject conditions. Pull-in control is exercised at all times independently of the pull-in frame which was set by the pre-white balance adjustment. This mode works faster than ATW mode.



Hold

In this mode, the colors are held using the gain values established immediately before control was set to the hold mode. A push-lock mode can be configured by using this function in combination with the Push mode. In this mode, operation is set to the hold mode after pull-in in the Push mode and the R and B gain values established at that point are written into the Flash ROM.

User

In this mode, fixed gaind values <u>WBUSRR</u>(R gain for the user mode), <u>WBUSRB</u>(B gain for the user mode) are refered.

Manual Wite Balance (USER Mode)

R Gain Of USER Mode (WBUSRR)

Sets the R gain for the manual (user) white balance

Category: 05 d Start byte: 013H.0-014H.3 Condition: <u>AWB</u> = 7 (7h): User Setting: 0 (0h) to 4095 (FFh)

B Gain Of USER Mode (WBUSRB)

Sets the B gain for the manual (user) white balance

Category: 05 d Start byte: 015H.0-016H.3 Condition: <u>AWB</u> = 7 (7h) : User Setting: 0 (0h) to 4095 (FFFh)

11.3.7ME

ME	Setting		
	Select AE/ME [C03_001H.0]	[00H]AE	•
	Select ME Mode [C04_001H.0-1]	[00H]Shutter+AGC Manual	•
[
	Port Driver Function(SW201_2-4)	[02H]ON	•
	Manual Shutter Speed Select [C04_001H.2-4] [00H]User Setting	Ŧ



Select AE/ME (AEME)

The AEME parameter is used to select auto exposure control (AE) or manual exposure control (ME).

Category: 03 d Start byte: 001H.0 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 1 (1h) Selection: 0h: AE (Auto exposure) 1h: ME (Manual exposure)

Select ME Mode (MEMODE)

Selects the manual exposure control mode

AE mode has to be set as "Manual exposure (AEME = 1 (1h)" to activate this manual exposure control mode selection. With manual exposure (ME), users can set the shutter values including the low-speed shutter and AGC values as desired.

Category: 04 d Start byte: 001H.0 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 1 (1h) (ME mode) Setting: 0 (0h) to 1 (1h) Selection: 0h: Shutter + AGC Manual 1h: SLOW Shutter + AGC Manual

Manual Shutter Speed(MSHTSEL)

Select the preset exposure time.

When the user sets this parameter through the Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section <u>Port Driver</u> <u>Function</u>).

Category: 04 d Start byte: 001H.2-4 Condition: Port Driver Function (SW201_2-4) OFF, <u>Port Driver Function (</u>SW201.2-4) = "ON" Setting: 0 (0h) to 7(7h) Selection: 0h: User Setting 1h: 1/125 2h: 1/250 3h: 1/500 4h: 1/1000 5h: 1/2000 6h: 1/4000 7h: 1/1000 *Note: When 0h is selected, shutter speed value refer from electric shutter value of NSUB,TREAD.

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Manual Shutter

Manual Shutter (TREAD) [C04_033H.0-034H.4]	Ģ.,,	 ,		1	1 1	1	1	1	1	1		0 🗢
Manual Shutter (NSUB) [C04_035H.0-036H.2]	ę <u>.</u>		1 1		1 1			1				0 🜩
											16570.9	[us], 1/60.3[s]

Manual Shutter (TREAD)

Electronic shutter preset setting

Category: 04 d Start byte: 033H.0-034H.4 Condition: <u>MEMODE</u> = 0 (0h) Setting: 0 (0h) to 1151 (47Fh)

Manual Shutter (NSUB)

Electronic shutter preset setting

Category: 04 d Start byte: 035H.0-036H.2 Condition: <u>MEMODE</u> = 0 (0h) Setting: 0 (0h) to 311 (137h)

Electronic shutter exposure time calculation formula

nsub: NSUB tread: TREAD

The formulas for calculating the electronic shutter exposure times are listed in the table below. The electronic shutter exposure time extends from the SUB pulse applied last during one VD period to the read pulses.

"nsub" in the table below indicate the SUB pulse; "tread" indicates the read pulse. The SUB pulse is set in HD increments and the higher the value, the shorter the exposure time. The read pulse is set in clock increments and the higher the value, the longer the exposure time.

ССО Туре		Exposure time
1/3"	NTSC	(261 - nsub) * 63.49us + (tread * 69.84ns)
1/2"		Setting range: nsub=0-261, tread=0-909
		But when $nsub = 0$, then tread $= 0$
		when nsub = 261, then tread = 143-909
	PAL	(311 - nsub) * 64.00us + (tread * 70.48ns)
		Setting range: nsub=0-311, tread=0-907
	But when $nsub = 0$, then tread = 0	
	when nsub = 311 , then tread= $142-907$	

#Example

1/100 sec exposure on NTSC : nsub = 104, tread = 459

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Manual Slow Shutter		
Manual Slow Shutter (SSFLD) [C04_083H]	ę <u></u>	0
Manual Slow Shutter (SLNSUB) [C04_073H.0-074H.2]	Ģ	0
		33.3[ms], 1/30.1[s]

Manual Slow Shutter (SSFLD)

Electronic shutter preset setting

Category: 04 d Start byte: 083H.0-7 Condition: <u>MEMODE</u> = 1 (1h) Setting: 0 (0h) to 255 (FFh) Selection:

Manual Slow Shutter (SLNSUB)

Electronic shutter preset setting

Category: 04 d Start byte: 073H.0-074H.2 Condition: <u>MEMODE</u> = 1 (1h) Setting: 0 (0h) to 624 (270h) Selection:

Low-speed shutter exposure time calculation formulas

ssfld : SSFLD nsub : SLNSUB

With the low-speed shutter settings, the formula used to calculate the exposure time differs from one CCD type to another. The higher the "nsub" value, the shorter the exposure time in HD increments. Furthermore, the higher the "ssfld" value, the longer the exposure time in 2-field increments.

ССО Туре		Exposure time
1/3"	NTSC	(524 - nsub) * 63.49us + (((ssfld + 1) * 2) - 2) *
1/2"		16,634us
		Setting range: nsub=0-524, ssfld=0-255
		But when ssfld=0, set ting nsub=524 is prohibited.
	PAL	(624 - nsub) * 64.00us + (((ssfld + 1) * 2) - 2) *
		19,968us
Setting range: nsub=0-624, ssfld=0-255		Setting range: nsub=0-624, ssfld=0-255
	But when ssfld=0, set ting nsub=624 is proh	

#Example

1/2 sec exposure on NTSC : nsub = 508, ssfld = 15 => 500ms



Manual Gain

Manual AFE Gain [C04_003H.0-004H.2]

Manual AFE Gain (APGA)

VGA (Variable Gain Amp) preset setting for AFE Selects the ME control mode. Work on AEME =1. AFE gain (analog gain)

Category: 04 d Start byte: 003H.0-004H.2 Condition: <u>AEME</u> = 1 (1h) (ME mode) Setting: 0 (0h) to 1580 (62Ch) Selection: Gain value [dB] = (APGA parameter value * 0.0342) - 6

AFE VGA (Variable gain amp) value calculation formula

The formula for calculating the VGA value of this camera is shown below.

<Parameters supported> APGA parameters : APGA Gain value [dB] = (APGA parameter value * 0.0342) - 6

The setting ranges of the APGA parameters (APGA) differ depending on the DPGA value as shown in "APGA parameter setting range" as shown in the table below.

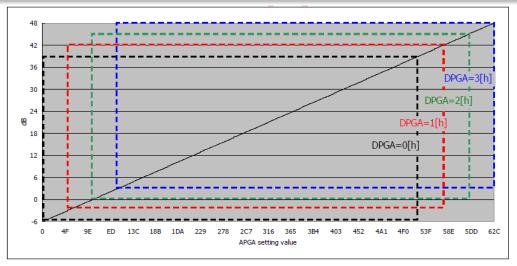
The DPGA value is determined solely by the saturation signal volume of the CCD image sensor used.

APGA parameter setting range:

DPGA	APGA	Gain range supported
(CAT13_Byte42_bit3-4)	Setting range	
0	0[h] - 524[h]	-6[dB] - 57[dB]
1	58[h] - 57C[h]	-3[dB] - 42[dB]
2	B0[h] - 5D4[h]	0[dB] - 45[dB]
3	108[h] - 62C[h]	3[dB] - 48[dB]

Correlation between APGA setting values and gain values

The figure below shows the correlation between the parameter setting values and the gain values





11.3.8Aperture

This function compensates the edges to increase the image resolution as it appears. The edge enhancement level is adjusted by setting the gain. System enables the horizontal and vertical aperture compensation to be set separately. VH aperture compensation for adjusting the overall aperture compensation gain is also available. To increase the resolution as it appears and enhance the edges, select high settings for the gain values. However, bear in mind that ringing will become more noticeable when the gain values are set too high.

п	orizontal Aperture Compensation		
	H Aperture Compensation High Frequency Gain [C02_055H.0-1]	[01H]×1	-
	H Aperture Compensation Low Frequency Gain [C02_055H.2-3]	[02H]×1	•

H Aperture Compensation High Frequency Gain(HAPGH)

Sets the high-range gain for horizontal aperture compensation

Category: 02 d Start byte: 055 H.0- 1 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 3(3h) Selection: 0h : x0 1h : x1 2h : x2 3h : x4

H Aperture Compensation Low Frequency Gain(HAPGL)

Sets the low-range gain for horizontal aperture compensation

Category: 02 d Start byte: 055 H.2- 3 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 3(3h) Selection: 0h : x0 1h : x0.5 2h : x1 3h : x2

The slice function in vertical aperture compensation and VH aperture compensation is used to eliminate noise components which have been emphasized by the gain. When the slice level is increased, the noise is more readily eliminated but the resolution as it appears will deteriorate.

Vertical Aperture Compensation		
V Aperture Compensation Gain [C02_055H.4-7]	0	8 💉
V Aperture Compensation Slice Level [C02_056H.0-2]	00	2 🜩



V Aperture Compensation Gain(VAPG)

Sets the vertical aperture compensation gain

Category: 02 d Start byte: 055 H.4- 7 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 15(Fh) (x0 to x1)

V Aperture Compensation Slice Level(VAPSL)

Sets the slice level for the vertical aperture compensation

Category: 02 d Start byte: 056 H.0- 2 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 7(7h) (slice level 0 - slice level max.)

V and H Aperture Compensation

V.H Aperture Compensation Gain Level [C02_001H.0-3]		-0	8
V,H Aperture Compensation Slice Level [C02_057H2-4]	0-		3 🛬

V,H Aperture Compensation Gain Level(VHAPG)

Sets the gain level after adding the V and H aperture compensation values

Category: 02 d Start byte: 001 H.0- 3 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 15(Fh) (x0 to x2)

V,H Aperture Compensation Slice Level(VHAPSL)

Sets the slice level after VH aperture compensation+ Category: 02 d Start byte: 057 H.2- 4 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 7(7h) (slice level 0 - slice level max.)



11.3.9Other

Port Driver Function(SW201_5-6) [02H]ON	•
Flickerless Function Mode [C03_027H.0-1]	

Flickerless Function

Flicker occurs across the entire screen when subjects have been shot under conditions where the flashing periods for fluorescent lighting differ from the electronic shutter exposure times. This camera has two modes to deal with flicker; fixed shutter mode for fixing the electronic shutter value to the flashing period of the flicker, and the gain modulation mode for modulating the PGA value to the flashing period of the flicker.

Flickerless Function Mode(FLCMODE)

Selects the flicker-less mode for the AE and WDR long-time exposure side

When the user sets this parameter through the Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver Function, please refer to the Section <u>Port</u> <u>Driver Function</u>).

Category: 03 d Start byte: 027 H.0- 1 Condition: <u>AEME</u> =0[h], <u>Port Driver Function</u> (SW201.5-6) = "ON" Setting: 0 (0h) to 2(2h) Selection: 0h : OFF 1h : Shutter Speed Fixed 2h : PGA Gain Control

Shutter Speed Fixed

In this mode, the electronic shutter speed is fixed to 1/100 (NTSC) or 1/120 (PAL) of the flashing period of the fluorescent lighting to minimize the flicker. In addition, if the 2 [h] fixed shutter mode has been selected as the AEMODE setting, the AE fixed shutter value takes precedence.

PGA Gain Control

The gain modulation mode makes use of the fact that the flashing of the flicker changes cyclically to control the digital gain inside the DSP to minimize the flicker.

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oped Output		
Port Driver Function(SW202_5-6)	[02H]ON	•
Flipped Output Setting [C06_00CH2-3]	[00H]OFF	Ţ

Flipped Output Setting(MCOFLIPA)

The flip function enables the analog output or digital output of images whose top/bottom or left/right have been reversed or which have been rotated by 180 degrees.

When the user sets this parameter through the Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section <u>Port Driver</u>. <u>Function</u>).

Category: 06 d Start byte: 00C H.2- 3 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 3(3h) Selection: 0h: OFF (no flipping) 1h: Up/Down inversion 2h: Right/Left inversion 3h: 180 Degrees Rotation

Port Driver Function(PB) [C01_0BCH.0-2]	[02H]ON
Still Function [C06_00BH.6]	[00H]Normal(through image) 🚽

Still Function(MCOMODEA)

The still function freezes the frames of moving images which are being shot. The image applying when the MCOMODEA parameter was set to 1[h] is freeze-framed. The electronic zoom or flip function can be applied to freeze-framed images.

When the user sets this parameter through the Control Software (DQUCtrl), please turn off the Port Driver (For further information regarding the Port Driver, please refer to the Section <u>Port Driver</u> <u>Function</u>).

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Category: 06 d Start byte: 00B H.6 Condition: -Setting: 0 (0h) to 1(1h) Selection: 0h: Normal

1h: Still

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SENTECH



12 Revisions

Rev.	Date	Changes	Note
0.01	2014/05/13	New Document	
0.02	07/10/2014	Edited Document	RM
		English translation edit	

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